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## Autumn Leaves <br> Joseph Kosma



* Co7 is a substitute for the B7 chord in the "sheet music"; feel free to interchange Co7 \& B7 in tune [Co7 = B7b9 (no root)].

In fact, the chords above can be viewed as a simple example of jazz substitutions--

A section, "sheet music": Am D7 G G Am B7 Em Em
" " "jazz chords": Am7 Am6 GM7 GM6 Am7 Co7 Em Em
--the WHY s:

1) Am-->Am7: in most cases, you can play a m7 for a minor to get a "jazzier" sound (Santana \& Steely Dan did it all the time--likewise, in this tune, you could change all the Em s to Em7 s...). Another common jazz substitution "line" for the plain minor chord could also be incorporated into this song: instead of Em Em, try Em(//)
[tab] Em(M7) (//) Em7 (//) Em6 (//).
2) D7-->Am6: for a V7 chord in a major tonality (here, D7, in G major), [/tab] you can substitute the V9 (D7->D9); in addition, D9 (no root)=Am6 [V9(no root)=ii6]; therefore, D7 becomes...Am6!, which follows nicely, voice-leading-wise after the Am7.... ("IT s not MAG-ic....")
3) G-->GM7-M6: for the I (major tonic or "key") chord, especially long stretches thereof, the M7, M6, or both! can be played in lieu of the boring plain major chord (though the M7 \& M6 would sound pretty weird in a country or folk progression!)....
4) B7-->Co7: see *note above; indeed, most diminished seventh chords you ll see can be explained as substitutes for some dominant seventh-type chord....

LEAD notes: I d tab out the schmaltzy melody, but the reason this song is still being recorded by jazz people to this day is that it $s$ a fun tune to improvise over (and by the way, only the Lord knows why anyone would still want to sing the corny words!).
Since this song doesn $t$ modulate (unless you count GM<->Em, but not really) it $s$ a lot easier to jam over than most "jazz standards." In fact, you only need TWO scales:
[tab] 1. E natural (aeolian) minor (=G major!) scale: E-F\#-G-A-B-C-D-E --this ll fit all the chords except the B7 \& Co7....[/tab]
[tab] 2. E harmonic minor scale: E-F\#-G-A-B-C-*D\#*-E --this ll fit over the B7 \& Co7 chords: notice that the only[/tab] difference from the first scale is the d\#--in fact, it $s$ actually easier to just think "d\# instead of $d$ " when you come to these chords than to worry about "harmonic instead of natural minor! oh, no!...."
\{3. For a little spice, try a diminished 7th arpeggio over the Co7 \& B7 chords: c-d\#-f\#-a (true, these tones are in the harmonic minor scale given above--just a slightly different approach):

--try playin from low to high and back, then experiment
I on your own--right, just every three frets in any direction!...
--Now lay down the rhythm track, and go fer it--

FINALLY, the "sound" of these chords (and associated scales) does
take a lot of getting used to--even after you get the rather difficult fingerings down (took me months), there s still the matter of acclimating your ears to actually _liking_ the sound of,
say, $a \operatorname{M6/9b5}$ chord (took me years!). But if the plain old G-C-D stuff is gettin yu down, and you also realize you ll never be a great speed-metal lead picker--well, this is one logical direction of development. . . . Oh, a M6/9b5? : : CM6/9b5: - 32232 .
"Beautiful-ugly," ain t it?!
[tab] --:--tcg
) [/tab]

